

# **Automotive Requirements for SPaT and MAP**

## **CAR 2 CAR Communication Consortium**



#### **About the C2C-CC**

Enhancing road safety and traffic efficiency by means of Cooperative Intelligent Transport Systems and Services (C-ITS) is the dedicated goal of the CAR 2 CAR Communication Consortium. The industrial driven, non-commercial association was founded in 2002 by vehicle manufacturers affiliated with the idea of cooperative road traffic based on Vehicle-to-Vehicle Communications (V2V) and supported by Vehicle-to-Infrastructure Communications (V2I). The Consortium members represent worldwide major vehicle manufactures, equipment suppliers and research organisations.

Over the years, the CAR 2 CAR Communication Consortium has evolved to be one of the key players in preparing the initial deployment of C-ITS in Europe and the subsequent innovation phases. CAR 2 CAR members focus on wireless V2V communication applications based on ITS-G5 and concentrate all efforts on creating standards to ensure the interoperability of cooperative systems, spanning all vehicle classes across borders and brands. As a key contributor, the CAR 2 CAR Communication Consortium works in close cooperation with the European and international standardisation organisations such as ETSI and CEN.

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# **Document information**

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**Table 1: Document information** 



# **Changes since last version**

Title:	Automotive Requirements for SPaT and MAP							
Date	Changes	Edited by	Approved					
12/03/2021	Mo changes (still obsolete)	Release Management	Steering Committee					
16/12/2020	Set to obsolete	Release Management	Steering Committee					
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**Table 2: Changes since last version** 



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### 1 Introduction

Other (informational) RS\_ARSM\_1

This document was a working document in 2019, containing identified requirements to the SPATEM and MAPEM from an automotive perspective.

It served as an extension to already existing requirements on SPATEM and MAPEM in the C-Roads profiles.

The contained requirements have been incorporated in C-Roads Release 1.7 from July 2020 for the most part. Therefore, this document will not be maintained further and the C-Roads "C-ITS Message Profiles and Parameters" document shall be used as single reference for the most up-to-date requirements on MAPEM and SPATEM.



### 2 Scope

Other (informational) RS\_ARSM\_2

The present document provides requirements related to the features of a C-ITS station transmitting SPATEM and MAPEM to enable interoperability.

In some cases, requirements are written in a way which let the implementation open, for example if they refer to very specific implementations which may depend on specific national regulations. Those requirements have to be further detailed by anybody implementing that requirement. Beside these special requirements all other requirements can be further detailed, too.



## 3 Conventions used

## Other (informational)

(RS\_BSP\_152) **RS\_ ARSM\_3** 

Conventions used in this and other C2C-CC specification documents can be found in [C2CCC ConV].



#### 4 Definitions

#### **Definition**

(RS\_BSP\_193) RS\_ARSM\_81

'C-ITS time' or 'time base' means the number of elapsed International Atomic Time (TAI) milliseconds since 2004-01-01 00:00:00.000 Coordinated Universal Time (UTC)+0 as defined in [EN 302 636-4-1]. Timestamps as defined in [TS 102 894-2] follow this time format.

Definition RS\_ARSM\_82

The 'station clock' means a clock representing Cooperative Intelligent Transport Systems (C-ITS) time in a C-ITS station (see RS\_RSP\_006).

**Definition** 

(RS\_BSP\_429) RS\_ARSM\_100

Information provided with a 'confidence level' of 95 % means that the true value is inside the confidence interval or the confidence area for at least 95 % of the data points in a given statistical population.

**Definition** 

(RS BSP 500) RS\_ARSM\_87

A 'confidence interval' is specified by the estimated value plus/minus the confidence value.

Definition RS\_ARSM\_93

An 'instant' denotes a point on the time axis, often also referred as a 'moment in time' (see also IEC 60050).

Definition RS\_ARSM\_6

A 'merge point' designates a node of a lane where the lane is split into two lanes in driving direction towards an intersection (ingress). This is due to the fact, that according to C-Roads definitions and the Delegated Act, Annex II, chapter 3.7.3 'Road Lane Topology (RLT) service', all attributes are provided in the order of the nodes.

On the other hand, a merge point on an egress lane is located, where two lanes end in one lane in driving direction.

The opposite applies for 'diverge points'.

Definition RS\_ARSM\_7

A 'conflict area' is the area of the intersection that is limited by the first nodes of ingress / egress vehicle lanes, first nodes of 'ingresspath' crosswalk lanes, and stop lines of bicycle lanes. For a better understanding, see also e.g. Figure G.6 in [ISO/TS 19091].

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Definition RS\_ARSM\_95

'Phase' is a general term denoting all the movement phase states strictly allowing or prohibiting to proceed into an intersection (so the 'Reds' and 'Greens' as summarized in SAE J2735).

Definition RS\_ARSM\_96

'Transition' is a general term denoting all the movement phase states which are not covered by the term phase (so the 'Yellows / Ambers' as summarized in SAE J2735).

Definition RS\_ARSM\_97

'Phase state' is a general term that covers all movement phase states as defined in SAE J2735, i.e. 'phase state' includes both phases and transitions.

Definition RS\_ARSM\_116

'Actuated traffic light operation' refers to an operation mode of the traffic light controller that dynamically adapts the changes to the current traffic situation (i.e., the cycle of the traffic phases is not static but may change over time).

Definition RS\_ARSM\_109

A traffic light is considered 'operational', if the corresponding traffic light controller is neither switched off nor in any kind of failure mode. This means that also traffic lights showing some kind of 'standby' (e.g. at night) are considered operational.



# 5 Parameter settings

Definition RS\_ARSM\_443

**Table 3: Parameter settings** 

Parameter	Value	Unit	Description	Min. Value	Max. Value	Source Document
tMapCompleteTransmission	1	S	Time duration within the whole MAP including all fragments shall be transmitted			
dRangeIdUnique	5	km	Radius around every intersection within which the IntersectionID tuple shall be unique	5		
pLateralNodeOffset	3	m	Maximum lateral offset to the center of the lane for the node points within a MAP			
pLateralNodeOffsetAD	1	m	Maximum lateral offset to the center of the lane for the node points within a MAP if automated driving shall be supported			
pLaneAngleDeviation	5	o	Maximum angle between the connection of the node points and the corresponding tangent to the lane center			
pMaxPerpendDistLaneCenter	3	m	Maximum perpendicular distance between the linear connection of two consecutive lane nodes and the actual center of the lane			
pMaxNoOfNodesPerLane	18		Maximum allowed number of nodes per lane			
pMinLaneWidth	2,6	m	Minimum width of a merging/diverging lane before enabling/disabling the taper to left / right indication			
pMinIngressLaneLength	300	m	Minimum length of an ingress lane representation in MAPEM			



Parameter	Value	Unit	Description	Min. Value	Max. Value	Source Document
pSpeedLimitHigh	60	kph	Allowed speed limit above which the required minimum ingress lane length is increased			
pMinIngressLaneLengthHighSpeed	500	m	Minimum length of an ingress lane representation in MAPEM for an allowed speed limit above <i>pSpeedLimitHigh</i>			
pMinEgressLaneLength	5	m	Minimum length of an egress lane representation in MAPEM			
tSubSystemClockAccuracy	200	ms	Accuracy of the system clock of the subsystem responsible for the generation of time change details			
tIntraSystemClockAccuracy	500	ms	Maximum deviation between the different system clocks			
pSpatUpdateDelay	100	ms	Maximum period between SPaTEM update in content and its transmission			
fSpatTransmissionFreq	10	Hz	Transmission frequency for SPaT messages			
pTimeMarkUnknown	36 001	1/10 s	Value to indicate an unknown TimeMark			[SAE J2735]
pTimeMarkMin	0	1/10 s	Minimum value of TimeMark			[SAE J2735]
pTimeMarkOutOfRange	36 000	1/10 s	Value to indicate an instant which is not in the UTC hour of the referenced instant			[SAE J2735]
tTimeOfChangeAccuracy	500	ms	Accuracy of phase state change time information for signal controllers operating at fixed time			
tTimeChangeInterval	1,5	S	Interval to be used for the calculation of the likely time confidence			



Parameter	Value	Unit	Description	Min. Value	Max. Value	Source Document
			Maximum allowed delay between the instant the traffic light controller goes into failure until the information is being			
tDelayFailureTransmission	200	ms	transmitted			



# **6** Requirement specifications

6.1 MAPEM Automotive Requirements
6.1.1 Transmission
Other (informational) RS_ARSM_
The following requirement on MAPEM apply in addition to the relevant standards ([TS 103 301], [ISO/TS 19091], [SAE J2735]).
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_
If more than one MAP message is sent out for the according intersection (fragments) the complete MAP (including all fragments) shall be sent within <i>tMapCompleteTransmission</i> . In case this is not feasible while complying with DCC regulations, DCC regulations shall always prevail over this requirement.
Details:
Tested by:
6.1.2 IntersectionGeometry
Requirement RS_ARSM_
The data field 'id' (DF_IntersectionReferenceID) shall consist of both 'region' (DE_RoadRegulatoryID and 'id' (DE_IndersectionID)
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_
The id tuple referred to in RS_ARSM_11 shall be unique within a radius of <i>dRangeldUnique</i> around each intersection.
Details:

Tested by:



Requirement RS\_ARSM\_13

The id tuple referred to in RS\_ARSM\_11 shall be identical to the appropriate id tuple of the corresponding SPATEM 'intersectionState'.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_14

The data element 'laneWidth' (DE\_LaneWidth) shall be set mandatorily for every intersection.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_15

The 'laneSet' (DF\_LaneList) contained in the IntersectionGeometry shall include all vehicle lanes of an intersection and all other lanes of an intersection that have signalized connections (e.g. including lanes for pedestrians (crosswalk), cyclists (bikeLane), tracked vehicles (trackedVehicles) and busses (vehicle)).

Details:

Tested by:

#### 6.1.3 GenericLane

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_16

For unidirectional lanes, exactly one of the data elements 'ingressApproach' and 'egressApproach' (of type DE\_ApproachID) shall be present and used.

For further details on how to use these data elements, see ISO /TS 19091:2019 G.8.2.6.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_17

For bidirectional lanes that cross both the ingress- and egress approach of an intersection arm (e.g. bike lanes or crosswalks) both data elements 'ingressApproach' and 'egressApproach (of type DE\_ApproachID) shall be present and used to indicate the approaches that are crossed.

For further details on how to use these data elements, see ISO /TS 19091:2019 G.8.2.6.



Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_18
For lanes of type vehicle (LaneAttributes.LaneTypeAttributes = vehicle), ingress lanes of a common drive direction towards the intersection shall have a common ingress approach ID as a mandatory attribute.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_117
The data element 'maneuvers' (of type DE_AllowedManeuvers) shall not be present in any instance of a 'generic lane' within a MAPEM.
Note: The information about allowed maneuvers is contained in the instances of 'ConnectingLane' (see RS_ARSM_21). This requirement intends to avoid duplicate or possible inconsistencies.
Details:
Tested by:
6.1.4 NodeListXY
Requirement RS_ARSM_118
For all lanes represented in MAPEM within the data element nodeListXY (of type DF_NodeListXY) the data element nodes (a list of DF_NodeSetXY) shall be used.
This implies that the data element computed (of type DF_ComputedLane) shall not be used.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_25
The first node of any vehicle lane shall be the node of the lane which is closest to the center of the intersection.
Details:
Tested by:



Requirement RS\_ARSM\_26

The first node of an ingress lane, which is not a diverge or merge point, shall be the node that shall not be passed by a vehicle when movement is not allowed (from regulations, typically this is the stop line on the street).

Note: This adds on to [ISO/TS 19091] where it is only stated that the first node 'should be the node closest to the geometric centre of the intersection, and is typically at the stop line'. This is only part of the informative text – see [ISO/TS 19091], 6.5.7.

Details:
Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_44

The ingress lanes shall follow the main road with priority towards the intersection.

Note: If a non-priority road shall be included into the ingress structure, all lanes of the non-priority roads shall be grouped into one or several separate approaches that only represent these non-priority roads.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_40

For each ingress approach at least one ingress lane of type vehicle shall be at least *pMinLaneIngressLength* long following the priority road.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_41

If an adjacent intersection is closer than *pMinIngressLaneLength*, ingress lanes shall be shortened to the first egress point of the adjacent intersection. If no MAPEM is transmitted for the adjacent intersection, the ingress lanes shall be shortened such that they don't intersect the adjacent intersection's conflict area.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_43



At intersections with higher speed limits allowed ( > pSpeedLimitHigh ) the ingress land minimum pMinIngressLaneLengthHighSpeed long.	es shall be
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement	RS_ARSM_42
If the number of nodes of a lane exceeds $pMaxNoOfNodesPerLane$ (see RS_ARSM_35) RS_ARSM_34, the ingress lane might be shorter than $pMinIngressLaneLength$ or $p\_MinIngressLaneLengthHighSpeed$ .	to fulfil
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement	RS_ARSM_47
Vehicle egress lanes shall have a minimum length of pMinEgressLaneLength.	
Details:	
Tested by:	
Other (informational)	RS_ARSM_31
Node points should correspond to the center of the lane.	
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement	RS_ARSM_32
The absolute lateral offset of node points to the center of the lane shall be less than pLateralNodeOffset.	
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement	RS_ARSM_94

Let  $\overline{a}$  be the vector representing the linear connection of two node points, and  $\overline{p}$  be the vector representing the shortest distance of vector  $\overline{a}$  to the center of the lane (that is,  $\overline{p}$  is perpendicular to the tangent of the center line of the lane at the foot of the dropped perpendicular).



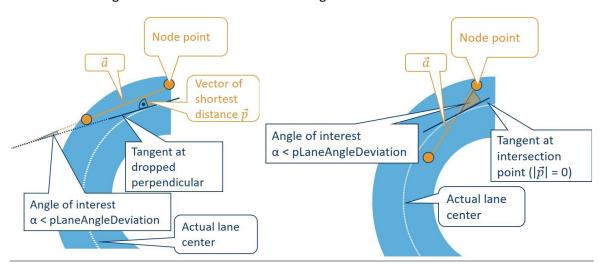
Then for  $|\overline{p}| > 0$  it shall always hold that

$$\cos^{-1}\left(1-\frac{\overline{a}*\overline{p}}{|\overline{a}|*|\overline{p}|}\right) \le pLaneAngleDeviation.$$

For  $|\overline{p}| = 0$  (i.e.  $\overline{a}$  crosses the lane center) the angle  $\alpha$  between  $\overline{a}$  and the tangent to the lane center at the intersection point with the lane center shall be less than *pLaneAngleDeviation*.

Note: In less formal wording this means that the angle between the linear connection of two node points and the corresponding tangent to the lane center shall not be greater than pLaneAngleDeviation.

Note: See drawings below for a better understanding:



Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS ARSM 34

The perpendicular distance between the linear connection of two node points and the center of the lane shall be less than pMaxPerpendDistLaneCenter.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS ARSM 35

The number of node points shall be limited to *pMaxNoOfNodesPerLane* nodes per lane (for both ingress and egress lanes).

Details:

Tested by:



#### 6.1.5 NodeAttributeSetXY

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_36

Each diverge or merge point (of type DF\_NodeXY) shall be explicitly marked with corresponding node attribute (DF\_NoteAttributeSetXY) 'divergePoint' or 'mergePoint' (for the definition see RS\_ARSM\_6).

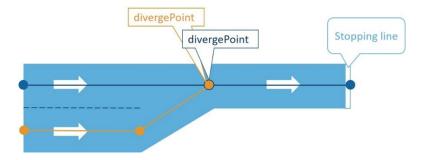
Note: For further details see [ISO/TS 19091] 'localNode'.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_37

For diverging / merging lanes one node shall be defined as diverge / merge point according to RS\_ARSM\_36. This node shall be present with the same position (relative to the intersection reference point) in the ongoing lane and as first / last node in the diverging / merging lane.



Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_27

In the MAPEM an additional attribute 'stop line' exists. This shall be used for additional upstream 'do not block' lines (e.g. in Germany: 'bei Rot hier halten').

Details:

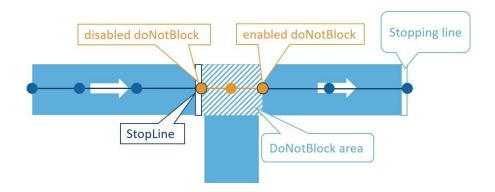
Tested by:

Other (informational) RS\_ARSM\_28

A SegmentAttributeXY of value 'doNotBlock' is intended to be present in the 'enabled' list for a road segment where a vehicle may not come to a stop. For detailed requirements see RS\_ARSM\_29 and RS\_ARSM\_30.

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Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_29

A SegmentAttributeXY of value 'doNotBlock' shall be present in the 'enabled' list at the first node of the lane that shall not be blocked by a vehicle in case of a queue in front of the traffic light.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_30

A SegmentAttributeXY of value 'doNotBlock' shall be present in the 'disabled' list at the first node of the lane thereafter (see RS\_ARSM\_29), which may again be blocked by a vehicle.

Details:

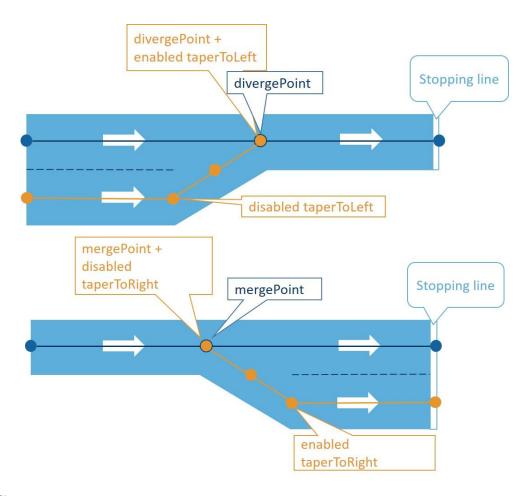
Tested by:

Other (informational) RS\_ARSM\_111

For diverging lanes, a SegmentAttributeXY of value 'taperToLeft' or 'taperToRight' is intended to be enabled at the diverge point (i.e. first node) if the lane width of the diverging lane is below <code>pMinLaneWidth</code> at the first node after the diverge point. It is intended to be disabled at the first node where the diverging lane has reached a width of at least <code>pMinLaneWidth</code>. For merging lanes, 'tapeToLeft' or 'taperToRight' is intended to be enabled at the last node where the merging lane has a width of at least <code>pMinLaneWidth</code> and disabled at the merge point.

For detailed requirements see RS\_ARSM\_38, RS\_ARSM\_112, RS\_ARSM\_113 and RS\_ARSM\_114.





Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_38

A SegmentAttributeXY of value 'taperToLeft' or 'taperToRight' shall be present in the 'enabled' list of the first node of the diverging lane, if the lane width of the diverging lane is below *pMinLaneWidth* at the first node after the diverge point (i.e. more than two nodes are used to describe the tapering part of the diverging lane, e.g. for accuracy reasons).

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_113

A SegmentAttributeXY of value 'taperToLeft' or 'taperToRight' shall be present in the 'enabled' list of the last node of the merging lane, for which the merging lane has a lane width of at least pMinLaneWidth, if the lane width of the merging lane is below pMinLaneWidth at the last node



before the merge point (i.e. more than two nodes are used to describe the tapering part of the merging, e.g. for accuracy reasons).
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_112
If 'taperToLeft' or 'taperToRight' is present in the 'enabled' list of a previous node (as described in RS_ARSM_38), a SegmentAttributeXY of same value shall be present in the 'disabled' list at the first node where the diverging lane has reached a width of at least <i>pMinLaneWidth</i> .
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_114
If 'taperToLeft' or 'taperToRight' is present in the 'enabled' list of a previous node (as described in RS_ARSM_113), a SegmentAttributeXY of same value shall be present in the 'disabled' list at the last node of the merging lane.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_39
If a diverging / merging lane has a width of at least <i>pMinLaneWidth</i> at the first / last node after / before the diverge point / merge point, a SegmentAttributeXY of value 'taperToLeft' or 'taperToRight' may be present in the 'enabled' and 'disabled' list of the respective nodes (as specified in RS_ARSM_38, RS_ARSM_112, RS_ARSM_113 and RS_ARSM_114).
If present, it shall be used as described in the aforementioned requirements.
Details:

### 6.1.6 ConnectsToList

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_119

The data element 'connectsTo' (of type DF\_ConnectsToList) shall be present at least for every ingress lane of the intersection that is controlled by a traffic light.



Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement RS_ARS	M_19
The data field 'connectsTo' (DF_ConnectsToList) shall include every possible connection betwee ingress and egress lanes of one intersection – u-turns optional if they are allowed by traffic rules contained connections shall however not include those requiring lane changes in the conflict are applicable).	s. The
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement RS_ARS	M_20
There shall be no duplicate connections indicated via 'connectsTo' between the same ingress an egress lanes for the same direction.	ıd
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement RS_ARS	M_48
The data element 'signalGroup' (DE_SignalGroupID) shall be given for every connection that is signalized with at least one operational traffic light (see also RS_ARSM_74).	
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement RS_ARS	M_49
Every given 'signalGroup' / 'intersectionReferenceID' tuple in the MAPEM shall also be found in SPATEM.	the
Details:	
Tested by:	

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6.1.7 AllowedManeuvers in ConnectingLane

Requirement

RS\_ARSM\_21



For every 'connectingLane' (inside an instance of DF_Connection) the data element 'm be present.	naneuver' shall
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement	RS_ARSM_23
The information in the data element 'maneuver' in 'connectingLane' shall be based or marking arrows on the lane itself (if present).	the lane
In case there are no lane marking arrows on the street, the responsible human message shall decide the content of the data element individually for every intersection.	ge designer
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement	RS_ARSM_22
For data element 'maneuver' in 'connectingLane' exactly one of the first four bits of DE_AllowedManeuvers (i.e. exactly one direction indication per connectingLane) shall	be set.
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement	RS_ARSM_24
The maneuver indication 'maneuverleft-/maneuverRightTurnonRedAllowed' and 'maneuverLaneChangeAllowed' shall not be used.	
Note: All other bits of the DE_AllowedManeuvers, which are not covered by this requiRS_ARSM_22 may be set but will not be used by current vehicle implementations.	rement or
Details:	
Tested by:	

## **6.2.1** Transmission and system clocks

Other (informational) RS\_ARSM\_83

The following requirement on SPATEM apply in addition to the relevant standards ([TS 103 301], [ISO/TS 19091], [SAE J2735]).

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Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_98
The system clock of the sub system responsible for the computation of the time change details shall be accurate to tSubSystemClockAccuracy with regards to the time base.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_99
The system clocks of all sub systems contributing to the information generation of the SPATEM content shall by synchronized such that the clock deviations between them do not exceed <code>tIntraSystemClockAccuracy</code> .
Note: This includes both the RSU and the traffic light controller.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_92
SPATEMs shall be transmitted with a transmission frequency of <i>fSpatTransmissionFreq</i> . DCC regulations shall always be fulfilled.
Details:
Tested by:
6.2.2 IntersectionState
Requirement RS_ARSM_68
The data field 'id' (DF_IntersectionReferenceID) shall be identical to the appropriate id tuple of the corresponding MAPEM 'IntersectionGeometry'.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_69



For the data element 'status' (of type IntersectionStatusObject) only the status bits 'fixedTimeOperation' (5), 'trafficDependentOperation' (6), 'standbyOperation' (7), 'failureMode' (8) or 'off' (9) shall be used. All other bits shall always be set to zero.

Note: Vehicles will mostly rely on MovementPhaseState without consideration of the IntersectionStatusObject. Details: Tested by: RS\_ARSM\_70 Requirement Exactly one of the status bits referred to in RS\_ARSM\_69 shall be set to 1. Details: Tested by: Requirement RS\_ARSM\_52 The data element 'moy' (DE\_MinuteOfTheYear) in IntersectionState shall be set to the time of information generation, that is the time when the 'timeChangeDetails' are determined. Details: Tested by: Requirement RS\_ARSM\_53 If the data element 'timeStamp' (DE\_DSecond) in IntersectionState is present, it shall be set to the time of information generation, i.e. the time when the 'timeChangeDetails' are determined.

## 6.2.3 MovementList

Requirement RS ARSM 75

Every given 'signalGroup' / 'intersectionReferenceID' tuple in the SPATEM shall be found in the MAPEM and vice versa.

Details:

Details:

Tested by:

Tested by:



Requirement RS\_ARSM\_71

The 'states' (DF\_MovementList) shall be given at least for all connections through the intersection area with operational traffic lights (see definition of 'operational' (RS\_ARSM\_109), if the intersection status is either 'fixedTimeOperation' (5) or 'trafficDependentOperation' (6).

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_80

If a failure of the traffic light controller is detected (i.e. the IntersectionStatusObject indicates 'failureMode'), either a SPaTEM with the eventState '0' (unavailable) should be sent or SPATEM transmissions deactivated completely within less than *tDelayFailureTransmission* after the traffic light goes into failure mode.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_89

An IntersectionState instance in SPATEM should not include duplicate MovementState instances in MovementList which over time only differ in the assigned SignalGroupID.

Note 1: Depending on the operation mode it is possible that in certain hours of the day two different MovementState instances (SignalGroups) have identical states. Therefore, this requirement is only stated as 'should'.

Note 2: This implies that multiple lanes in MAPEM may observe the same SignalGroupID, in case the exact same movement rules apply to them at all times.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_74

In case of multiple signals applying to one connection (e.g. for right turns) one singular virtual signal group with corresponding MovementState shall be transmitted, which reflects the combined MovementPhaseState of all applicable signals.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_78



Requirement RS ARSM
Tested by:
Details:
Note 2: According to the other requirements on MovementPhaseState (i.e. RS_ARSM_74 and RS_ARSM_76), there is no situation left in which 'dark' needs to be used.
Note 1: For the vehicle the applicable traffic rules are of relevance – not the physical representation If no information can be given, 'unavailable' shall be used rather than 'dark'.
The MovementPhaseState 'dark' shall not be used.
Requirement RS_ARSM_
Tested by:
Details:
Note: The cars needs to know the applicable rules and not the physical representation / color of th physical traffic lights.
The data element 'eventState' (of type DE_MovementPhaseState) shall represent the actual movement permissions according to the applicable traffic rules as indicated by the traffic lights (see also RS_ARSM_71 and RS_ARSM_74).
Requirement RS_ARSM_
Tested by:
Details:
Note: This means that the current and the next phase have to be included. If there is a transition inbetween, three MovementEvent instances in total have to be included in the SPATEM.
Additional MovementEvent instances may be included.
At least MovementEvent instances for the current and next phase and all transitions in between she be included in 'state-time-speed' (DF_MovementEventList).
Requirement RS_ARSM_
Tested by:
Details:
All events in 'state-time-speed' shall be sorted in chronological order with respect to tAbsMinEndTime.



The data element 'eventState' shall be set to the applicable value considering the distinction between protected and permissive movements.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_103
The MovementPhaseState 'stop-And-Remain' shall be used when vehicles on corresponding lanes are not allowed to enter the conflict zone.
Note: In most cases, this corresponds to the traffic light showing 'red'.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_104
The MovementPhaseState 'pre-Movement' shall be used for transitions that directly precede the phase 'permissive-Movement-Allowed' or 'protected-Movement-Allowed'.
Note: For example in Germany, this corresponds to the traffic light showing 'red-yellow'.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_105
The MovementPhaseState 'permissive-Movement-Allowed' shall be used when vehicles on corresponding lanes are allowed to enter the conflict zone but there still might occur conflicting traffic which they have to pay attention for.

Note: This applies for example in some right-turn situations when the driver needs to pay attention to pedestrians which might cross the street because they also are allowed to enter the conflict zone.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_106

15/03/2021

The MovementPhaseState 'protected-Movement-Allowed' shall be used when vehicles on corresponding lanes are allowed to enter the conflict zone and there shouldn't be any conflicting traffic according to the traffic rules.

Note: This applies for example in some left-turn situations when only lanes having a left-turn connections are in a 'Movement-Allowed' state but no other conflicting traffic.

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Details:
Fested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_107
The MovementPhaseState 'permissive-Clearance' shall be used when vehicles on corresponding anes
<ul> <li>are allowed to enter the conflict zone if they are not able to stop before the stop line</li> <li>shall clear the conflict zone</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>and have to be attentive of potential conflicting traffic.</li> </ul>
Note: In Germany this corresponds to the traffic light showing 'yellow'.
Details:
Fested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_110
The MovementPhaseState 'protected-Clearance' shall be used when vehicles on corresponding lanes
<ul> <li>are allowed to enter the conflict zone if they are not able to stop before the stop line,</li> <li>shall clear the conflict zone and</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>there shouldn't be any conflicting traffic according to the traffic rules.</li> </ul>
Note: In Germany this corresponds to the traffic light showing 'yellow'.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_108
The MovementPhaseStates 'caution-Conflicting-Traffic' shall be used for signalGroups belonging to anes of minor roads if none of the aforementioned MovementPhaseStates are applicable (e.g. if the traffic light controller is in standby mode). It shall indicate that vehicles are allowed to proceed but have to give way to conflicting traffic.
Note: In Germany this corresponds to the traffic light showing 'flashing yellow'.
Details:
Tested by:

## 6.2.4 TimeChangeDetails

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_120



The data field 'timing' (of type TimeChangeDetails) shall be present for every instance of MovementEvent in SPATEM that precedes a MovementEvent instance representing a phase (i.e. containing an instance of MovementPhaseState having one of the values 2, 3, 5 or 6).

Note: See also RS\_ARSM\_78 and RS\_ARSM\_79.

Details:

Tested by:

Other (informative) RS\_ARSM\_54

Data elements of type TimeMark (i.e. 'startTime', 'minEndTime', 'maxEndTime', 'likelyTime', 'nextTime') shall represent 1/10 s in the hour in which the state change may occur (this may be the hour represented by the entry 'moy' or the following hour).

Note: If for the received TimeMark it holds that

TimeMark / 10 s < (moy modulo 60) min \* 60 s/min,

the TimeMark corresponds to the hour following the hour represented by 'moy'.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_56

The data element 'minEndTime' shall have a value between pTimeMarkMin and pTimeMarkOutOfRange.

Note: This means that the value pTimeMarkUnknown (unknown) shall not be used.

Details:

Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_55

The data element 'minEndTime' (DE\_TimeMark) shall be set for every signal group to the earliest time possible at which the phase state of the respective signal group could change, including unpredictable events like pedestrian crossing or pre-emption for emergency and other priority vehicles (e.g. public transport). The risks of force majeure such as technical failures shall not be considered in the determination of 'minEndTime'.

Note: That means the minEndTime may be the currentTime + the time it takes to change the signal if a prioritization request occurred at the current time.

Details:



Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_
In successive SPATEM transmissions, the instant, which the 'minEndTime' of one MovementState refers to, shall not move to an earlier point in time. It may however progress to a later point in time
Note: In relative terms this means that the remaining time until 'minEndTime' shall not decrease faster than the time passes.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_
The data element 'maxEndTime' (DE_TimeMark) shall be present for actuated traffic light operation
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_
The data element 'maxEndTime' (DE_TimeMark) shall be set to the latest time possible at which the phase state could change.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_
In case 'maxEndTime' is infinite (e.g. for traffic lights that only change in case of pedestrian request the value shall be set to pTimeMarkOutOfRange.
Note: This includes the case when the actual maxEndTime is not known.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_
For 'maxEndTime' the value pTimeMarkUnknown (unknown) shall not be used.
Details:
Tested by:



Requirement RS\_ARSM\_90 The instant, which 'maxEndTime' refers to, shall not progress to a later point in time. It may however move to an earlier point in time. Note: In relative terms this means that the remaining time until 'maxEndTime' shall not increase. Details: Tested by: Requirement RS\_ARSM\_61 For traffic signal controllers operating fixed time, where the time of change is known, 'minEndTime', 'likelyTime' and 'maxEndTime' shall be equal, if they are present. Details: Tested by: Requirement RS\_ARSM\_62 For traffic signal controllers operating fixed time, where the time of change is known, 'minEndTime' shall be accurate to the displayed change of the traffic light within tTimeOfChangeAccuracy. [Note: For tests the electrical controller output to the lights may be measured.] Details: Tested by: Other (informational) RS\_ARSM\_63 The 'likelyTime' shall be used to convey the most likely time the phase state changes. Note: RS ARSM 102 states how to use the confidence data element. Details: Tested by:

Requirement RS\_ARSM\_64

The data element likelyTime (DE\_TimeMark) shall be present for actuated traffic light operation.

Note: The confidence for the likelyTime is given in the DE 'confidence' (DE\_TimeIntervalConfidence). Details:

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Tested by:
Other (informational) RS_ARSM_68
Let tAbsMinEndTime, tAbsLikelyTime and tAbsMaxEndTime be the instants which 'likelyTime', 'minEndTime' and 'maxEndTime refer to, they suffice the following condition:
tAbsMinEndTime <= tAbsLikelyTime <= tAbsMaxEndTime.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_6
For the data element 'likelyTime' the value pTimeMarkUnknown (unknown) shall not be used.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_11
If the data element 'likelyTime' is present, the confidence of 'likelyTime' shall be present as well.
Details:
Tested by:
Other (informational) RS_ARSM_10
The given probabilities for the TimeIntervalConfidence apply for the discrete time of the likelyTime, assuming the signal group state changes at whole second intervals. Otherwise, if the signal group state change is not assumed to be at a discrete second, the time interval around the likelyTime, for which the given probabilities apply, is defined as ± tTimeChangeInterval.
Note 1: Normally the cycle time of the traffic light controller is one second. Therefore, the intervals between state changes can only be multiple of whole seconds.
Note 2: Actually, this definition would always be correct. Even in the first case, if the state change is at discrete seconds. Therefore, this rule could always be applied.
Details:
Tested by:
Requirement RS_ARSM_10



The data element TimeIntervalConfidence shall be used as defined in SAE J2735. Confidence shall be interpreted as probability that the real phase change occurs within  $\pm$  *tTimeChangeInterval* of the indicated likelyTime.

Note 1: This means that the probability for likelyTime – tTimeChangeInterval <= phase change time <= likelyTime + tTimeChangeInterval shall be indicated.

Note 2: Implementation of one confidence threshold for all situations on receiving side will not work. It is recommended to evaluate the confidence in relation to the prediction horizon with different thresholds for the different use cases.

thresholds for the different use cases.	
Details:	
Tested by:	
Requirement	RS_ARSM_6
Requirement  If no prediction is available, the confidence of 'likelyTime' shall be disseminated	



### 7 Annex

This annex contains tables for MAPEM and SPATEM showing which data elements are mandatory according to the standards (SAE, CEN/ISO), this document and the C-Roads profile in Release 1.6.

### Legend:

- The number of '+' in the column 'Layer' and the shading of the row represents the layer / level of the corresponding data element within the message.
- '-': This data element is not mentioned in the respective document.
- 'O': This data element is optional.
- 'M': This data element is mandatory.
- 'O/M': This data element is mandatory only under certain conditions which are defined in the respective document.
- 'C': This data element is an option within a 'Choice'.
- 'NU': (C-Roads specific) This data element is not used in C-Roads.
- 'F': The respective document forbids the usage of this data element.

## 7.1 MAPEM mandatory and optional data elements

Layer	Data element / data field in MapData	Standards	C2C-CC (this document)	C-Roads (Release 1.6)	Combined
+	timestamp	0	0	0	0
+	msglssueRevision	М	-	М	М
+	layerType	0	-	0	0
+	layerID	0	-	0	0
+	intersections (list of IntersectionGeometry)	0	-	M	М
++	name	0	0	0	0
++	id	М	М	М	М
+++	region	0	М	0	М
+++	id	М	М	М	М
++	revision	М	-	М	M
++	refPoint	М	М	М	M
+++		М	-	М	М
++	laneWidth	0	M	0	М



++	speedLimits (list of speedLimitType)	0	-	0	0
++	laneSet (list of GenericLane)	M	M	M	M
+++	laneID	М	M	М	М
+++	name	0	0	0	0
+++	ingressApproach	0	O/M	0	O/M
+++	egressApproach	0	O/M	0	O/M
+++	laneAttributes	М	-	М	М
++++	directionalUse	М	-	М	М
++++	sharedWith	М	-	М	М
++++	laneType (Choice)	М	М	М	М
++++	vehicle Lane	С	-	С	С
++++	crosswalkLane	С	-	С	С
++++	Bikelane	С	-	С	С
++++	Sidewalk	С	-	NU	
++++	medianLane	С	-	NU	
+++++	stripingLane	С	-	NU	
++++	trackedVehicle	С	-	С	С
+++++	parkingLane	С	-	NU	
+++	maneuvers	0	F	NU	F
+++	nodeListXY (Choice)	М	М	M	М
++++	nodes (list of NodeXY)	С	М	M	М
+++++	delta (Choice)	М	М	M	М
+++++			-		
+++++	attributes	0	O/M	0	O/M
+++++	localNode (list of NoteAttributeXY)	0	O/M	0	O/M
+++++	enabled (list of SegmentAttributeXY)	0	O/M	0	O/M

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+++++	disabled (list of SegmentAttributeXY)	0	O/M	0	O/M
+++++	data	0	-	0	0
++++++					
+++++	dWidth	0	-	0	0
+++++	dElevation	0	-	0	0
+++++	regional	0	-	0	0
++++	computed	С	F	F	F
+++	connectsTo (list of Connections)	0		0	
++++	connectingLane	М	М	М	М
+++++	lane	М	М	М	М
+++++	maneuver	0	М	0	М
++++	remoteIntersection	0	-	0	0
+++++			-		
++++	signalGroup	O/M	O/M	0	O/M
++++	userClass	0	-	0	
++++	connectionID	0	-	М	М
+++	overlays	0	-	NU	
+++	regional	0	-	0	0
++	preemptPriorityData	0	-	0	0
++	regional	0	-	0	0
+	roadSegments	0	-	0	0
+	dataParameters	0	-	0	0
+	restrictionList	0	-	0	0
+	regional	0	-	0	0



# 7.2 SPATEM mandatory and optional data elements

Layer	Data element / data field in SpatData	Standards	C2C-CC (this document)	C-Roads (Release 1.6)	Combined
+	timestamp	0	-	0	0
+	name	0	-	0	0
+	intersections (list of IntersectionState)	М	М	M	М
++	name	0	-	0	
++	id	M	М	M	М
+++	region	0	М	0	М
+++	id	M	М	M	М
++	revision	M	-	M	М
++	status	M	М	M	М
++	moy	0	М	M	М
++	timestamp	0	0	M	М
++	enabledList (list of LaneID)	0	-	O/M	O/M
++	states (list of MovementState)	M	М	M	М
+++	movementName	0	-	0	0
+++	signalGroup	M	М	M	М
+++	state-time-speed (list of MovementEvent)	М	M	M	М
++++	eventState	M	М	M	М
++++	timing	0	O/M	O (O/M)	O/M
+++++	startTime	0	-	0	0
+++++	minEndTime	M	М	М	М
+++++	maxEndTime	0	O/M	М	М
+++++	likelyTime	0	O/M	0	O/M
+++++	confidence	0	O/M	O/M	O/M



+++++	nextTime	0	-	0	0
++++	speeds (list of AdvisorySpeed	0	-	0	0
+++++					
++++	regional	0	-	0	0
+++	maneuverAssistList (list of ConnectionManeuverAssist)	0	-	0	0
++++					
+++	regional	0	-	0	0
++	maneuverAssistList (list of ConnectionManeuverAssist)	0	-	0	0
+++					
++	regional	0	-	О	О
+	regional	0	-	0	0